2024 State of Computer Science Education

The United States is at a critical juncture in education policy: How do we prepare our students for a world increasingly driven by computing and generative artificial intelligence? Since the last edition of this report, there has been growing recognition among U.S. policymakers of the urgency of this issue, with 11 states now requiring students to earn credit in computer science to graduate from high school. The 2024 State of Computer Science Report urges policymakers to ensure that all students in every state learn computer science.

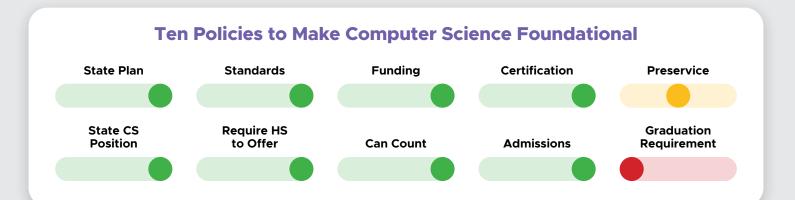
Over the last eight years, there has been significant progress, with more students than ever before taking computer science. Yet, millions of students still lack opportunities to engage in this essential subject. Only 60% of public high schools offer a foundational computer science course, and just 6.4% of high school students are enrolled annually. Young women, in particular, are far less likely to take computer science. This disparity underscores the urgent need for action. The need for computer science education is understood worldwide. In 2023, the European Union called on all member countries to make computer science a required subject. Without decisive action, the United States risks falling behind on the global stage.

A recent University of Maryland study underscores the importance for all schools to invest in computer science education. The research reveals that offering just one computer science course in high school can increase students' earnings by at least 8% by age 24. The benefits are even more pronounced for low-income students, Black students, and young women.

The Code.org Advocacy Coalition recommends 10 policies to help build capacity and sustainability for K–12 computer science. When states take action and pass policies, students have more opportunities to benefit from computer science. This report provides updated policy, access, and participation data alongside examples and stories to guide policymakers and advocates in ensuring all students learn computer science.

Clarity		Capacity		
1	2	3	4	5
Create a statewide plan for K–12 computer science	Define computer science and establish standards for K–12 computer science	Allocate funding for rigorous computer science teacher professional learning	Implement clear certification pathways for computer science teachers at elementary and secondary levels	Create programs at institutions of higher education to encourage all preservice teachers to gain exposure to computer science
Leadership	Sustainability			
6	7	8	9	10
Establish dedicated computer science positions in a state	Require that all schools offer computer science with appropriate	Allow computer science to count toward a core graduation	Allow computer science to satisfy an admission requirement at	Require that all students take computer science to earn a high

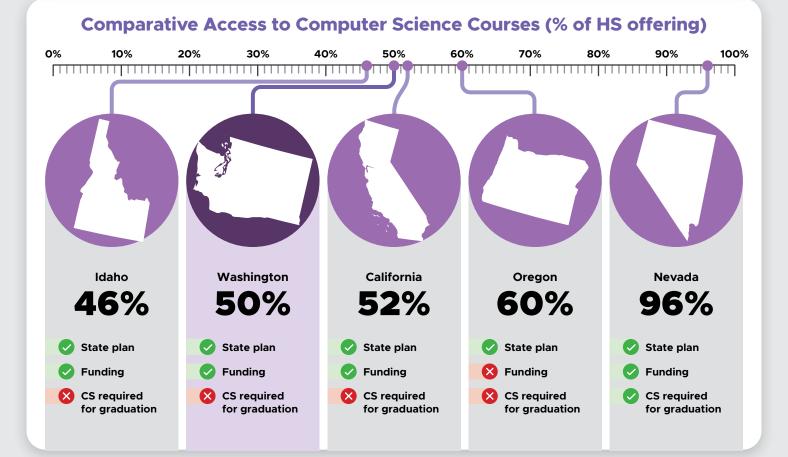
WASHINGTON



Policy Implementation

The Washington Legislature continued to fund the Computer Science Grant Program, appropriating \$1M to the Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction in 2024. Over the last nine years, the state has appropriated \$10M to computer science education.

The Legislature considered a computer science graduation requirement to be implemented for the class of 2029, but it ultimately did not pass. We strongly encourage the state to consider passing a computer science graduation requirement in the future to fully expand equitable participation to the subject.

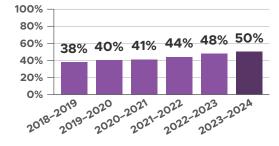


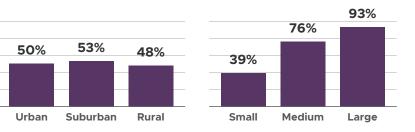
Percentage of Public High Schools Offering Foundational Computer Science

Access by School Year

Access by Geography*

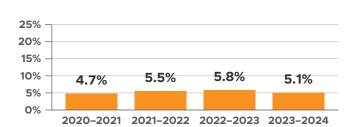
Access by School Size*



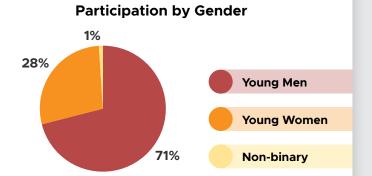


*Data is from the most recent data school year 2023–2024; Data on the number of schools in each category is available at advocacy.code.org/report-data/

Participation in Foundational High School Computer Science*



Participation by School Year



Student Groups That Reached or Neared Parity

Black students, Hispanic/Latino students, students with 504 plans

Student Groups That Are Underrepresented

Young women, economically disadvantaged students, students with IEPs, English language learners

We lack enough data on Native American students to determine representation.

Computer Science Prior to High School

Elementary School Computer Science

20%* of elementary schools offer computer science.

Middle School Computer Science

30%** of middle schools offer computer science with 3% of students enrolled.

*This percentage is based on data received from 53% of elementary schools in the state, therefore the actual number of schools teaching may be higher. **Washington reports data from nearly all middle schools.

States ranked by their percentage of offering

