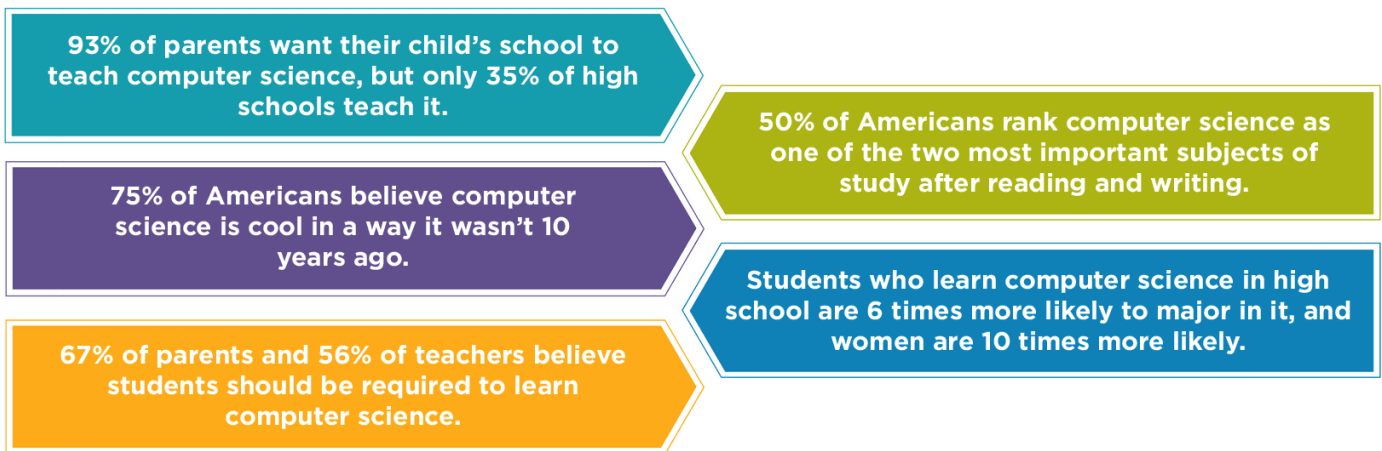
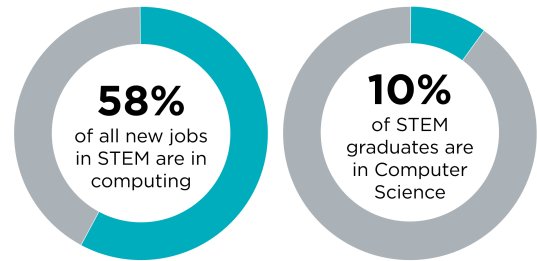


Support K-12 Computer Science Education in Vermont

Computer science drives job growth and innovation throughout our economy and society. Computing occupations are the **number 1 source of all new wages in the U.S.** and make up over half of all projected new jobs in STEM fields, making Computer Science one of the most in-demand college degrees. And computing is used all around us and in virtually every field. It's foundational knowledge that all students need. But computer science is marginalized throughout education. Only 35% of U.S. high schools teach any computer science courses and only 10% of STEM graduates study it. We need to improve access for all students, including groups who have traditionally been underrepresented.

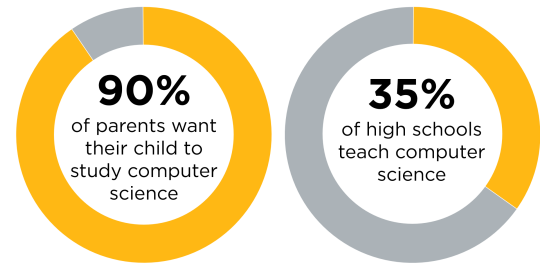


Computer science in Vermont

- Vermont currently has **502 open computing jobs** (1.6 times the average demand rate in Vermont).
- The average salary for a computing occupation in VT is **\$78,681**, which is significantly higher than the average salary in the state (\$47,620). The existing open jobs alone represent a **\$39,497,862 opportunity** in terms of annual salaries.
- Vermont had only **266 computer science graduates** in 2017; only **16%** were female.
- Only **129 exams were taken in AP Computer Science by high school students** in Vermont in 2018 (82 took AP CS A and 47 took AP CSP).
- Only 12% were female (11% for AP CS A and 15% for AP CSP); only 2 exams were taken by Hispanic or Latino students (1 took AP CS A and 1 took AP CSP); only 2 exams were taken by Black students (1 took AP CS A and 1 took AP CSP); no exams were taken by American Indian or Alaska Native students; no exams were taken by Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander students.
- Only **11 schools** in VT (15% of VT schools with AP programs) offered an AP Computer Science course in 2017-2018 (11% offered AP CS A and 8% offered AP CSP). There are fewer AP exams taken in computer science than in any other STEM subject area.
- Universities in Vermont did not graduate a single new teacher prepared to teach computer science in 2016.
- According to a representative survey from Google/Gallup, school administrators in VT support expanding computer science education opportunities: 62% of principals surveyed think CS is just as or more important

than required core classes. And one of their biggest barriers to offering computer science is the lack of funds for hiring and training teachers.

What can you do to support K-12 CS education in Vermont?



1. Nominate a teacher for a professional learning scholarship: www.code.org/nominate
2. Send a letter:
 - o To your school/district asking them to expand computer science offerings at every grade level: www.code.org/promote/letter
 - o To your elected officials asking them to support computer science education policy in Vermont: www.votervoicenet.org/Code/campaigns/58463/respond
3. Find out if your school teaches computer science or submit information about your school's offerings at www.code.org/yourschool.
4. Visit www.code.org/educate/3rdparty to find out about courses and curriculum from a variety of providers, including Code.org.
5. Visit www.code.org/promote/VT to learn more about supporting computer science in your state.

Code.org's impact in Vermont

- In Vermont, Code.org's curriculum is used in
 - o 7% of elementary schools
 - o 3% of middle schools
 - o 3% of high schools
- There are 923 teacher accounts and 26,436 student accounts on Code.org in Vermont.
- Of students in Vermont using Code.org curriculum last school year,
 - o 19% attend high needs schools
 - o 49% are in rural schools
 - o 43% are female students
 - o 3% are underrepresented minority students (Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, American Indian, or Hawaiian)
- Code.org and its regional partner(s) Vermont Computer Science Alliance have provided professional learning in Vermont for
 - o 136 teachers in CS Fundamentals (K-5)
 - o 1 teacher in Computer Science Principles

“Computer Science is a liberal art: it’s something that everybody should be exposed to and everyone should have a mastery of to some extent.”

— Steve Jobs

What can your state do to improve computer science education?

States and local school districts need to adopt a broad policy framework to provide all students with access to computer science. The following nine recommendations are a menu of best practices that states can choose from to support and expand computer science. Not all states will be in a position to adopt all of the policies. Read more about these 9 policy ideas at https://code.org/files/Making_CS_Fundamental.pdf and see our rubric for describing state policies at <http://bit.ly/9policiesrubric>.

- Vermont **has not** yet created a state plan for K-12 computer science. A plan that articulates the goals for computer science, strategies for accomplishing the goals, and timelines for carrying out the strategies is important for making computer science a fundamental part of a state's education system.
- Vermont **does not yet** have rigorous computer science standards publicly available across K-12. Computer science has often been confused with broader technology education in schools. The state could strengthen its computer science programs by publicly adopting discrete standards for computer science focused on both the creation and use of software and computing technologies at all levels of K-12 education. These standards can be guided by the concepts, practices, and recommendations in the K-12 Computer Science Framework, found at <http://www.k12cs.org>.
- Vermont **does not yet** provide dedicated funding for rigorous computer science professional development and course support. Although funds may be available via broader programs, the state can strengthen its computer science programs by creating specific opportunities to bring computer science to school districts, such as matching fund programs.
- Vermont has clear certification pathways for computer science teachers.
- Vermont has established programs at institutions of higher education to offer computer science to preservice teachers.
- Vermont **does not yet** have dedicated computer science positions in state or local education agencies. Creating a statewide computer science leadership position within the state education agency can help expand state-level implementation of computer science education initiatives. Similar positions at the local level could support districts' expansion of course offerings and professional development.
- Vermont **does not yet** require that all secondary schools offer computer science. The state can support the expansion of computer science courses by adopting policies that require schools to offer a computer science course based on rigorous standards, with appropriate implementation timelines and allowing for remote and/or in-person courses.
- Vermont **does not yet** allow computer science to count for a core graduation requirement. States that count computer science as a core graduation requirement see 50% more enrollment in their AP Computer Science courses and increased participation from underrepresented minorities. Find out how other states allow computer science to count towards graduation at <http://bit.ly/9policies>.
- Vermont **does not yet** allow computer science to count as a core admission requirement at institutions of higher education. Admission policies that do not include rigorous computer science courses as meeting a core entrance requirement, such as in mathematics or science, discourage students from taking such courses in secondary education. State leaders can work with institutions of higher education to ensure credit and articulation policies align with secondary school graduation requirements.

Follow us!

Join our efforts to give every student in every school the opportunity to learn computer science. Learn more at code.org, or follow us on [Facebook](#) and [Twitter](#).

Launched in 2013, Code.org® is a nonprofit dedicated to expanding access to computer science, and increasing participation by women and underrepresented students of color. Our vision is that every student in every school should have the opportunity to learn computer science.

Data is from the Conference Board for job demand, the Bureau of Labor Statistics for state salary and national job projections data, the College Board for AP exam data, the National Center for Education Statistics for university graduate data, the Gallup and Google research study Education Trends in the State of Computer Science in U.S. K-12 Schools for parent demand, the 2018 Computer Science Access Report for schools that offer computer science, and Code.org for its own courses, professional learning programs, and participation data.