Support K-12 Computer Science Education in Texas

Computer science drives job growth and innovation throughout our economy and society. Computing occupations are the number 1 source of all new wages in the U.S. and make up over half of all projected new jobs in STEM fields, making Computer Science one of the most in-demand college degrees. And computing is used all around us and in virtually every field. It’s foundational knowledge that all students need. But computer science is marginalized throughout education. Fewer than half of U.S. schools offer any computer science courses and only 8% of STEM graduates study it. We need to improve access for all students, including groups who have traditionally been underrepresented.

Computer science in Texas

- Texas currently has 42,867 open computing jobs (4.7 times the average demand rate in Texas).
- The average salary for a computing occupation in TX is $91,000, which is significantly higher than the average salary in the state ($47,770). The existing open jobs alone represent a $3,900,897,000 opportunity in terms of annual salaries.
- Texas had only 2,714 computer science graduates in 2015; only 18% were female.
- Only 8,925 exams were taken in AP Computer Science by high school students in Texas in 2017 (6,626 took AP CS A and 2,299 took AP CSP).
- Only 27% were female (25% for AP CS A and 33% for AP CSP); only 2,362 exams were taken by Hispanic or Latino students (1,443 took AP CS A and 919 took AP CSP); only 327 exams were taken by Black students (202 took AP CS A and 125 took AP CSP); only 23 exams were taken by American Indian or Alaska Native students (19 took AP CS A and 4 took AP CSP); only 10 exams were taken by Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander students (8 took AP CS A and 2 took AP CSP).
- Only 399 schools in TX (22% of TX schools with AP programs) offered an AP Computer Science course in 2016-2017 (22% offered AP CS A and 9% offered AP CSP), which is 63 more than the previous year. There are fewer AP exams taken in computer science than in any other STEM subject area.
- Universities in Texas only graduated 15 new teachers prepared to teach computer science in 2016.
- According to a representative survey from Google/Gallup, school administrators in TX support expanding
What can you do to improve K-12 CS education?

1. Call on your school to expand computer science offerings at every grade level.
2. Ask your local school district to allow computer science courses to satisfy a core math or science requirement.
3. Visit www.code.org/educate/3rdparty to find out about courses and curriculum from a variety of third parties, including Code.org.
4. Visit www.code.org/promote/TX to learn more about supporting computer science in your state.
5. Sign the petition at www.change.org/computerscience to join 100,000 Americans asking Congress to support computer science.

Code.org's Impact in Texas

There are 35,970 teacher accounts and 1,236,706 student accounts on Code.org in Texas.

Code.org, its regional partner(s) Rice University, Center for STEM Education at the University of Texas at Austin, and the University of Texas at Dallas, and 21 facilitators have provided professional learning for 7,785 teachers in CS Fundamentals (K-5), 89 teachers in Exploring Computer Science or Computer Science Discoveries, and 75 teachers in Computer Science Principles in Texas.

“Computer Science is a liberal art: it’s something that everybody should be exposed to and everyone should have a mastery of to some extent.”

— Steve Jobs

What can your state do to improve computer science education?

States and local school districts need to adopt a broad policy framework to provide all students with access to computer science. The following nine recommendations are a menu of best practices that states can choose from to support and expand computer science. Not all states will be in a position to adopt all of the policies. Read more about these 9 policy ideas at https://code.org/files/Making_CS_Fundamental.pdf and see our rubric for describing state policies at http://bit.ly/9policiesrubric.

☐ Texas has not yet created a state plan for K-12 computer science. A plan that articulates the goals for
computer science, strategies for accomplishing the goals, and timelines for carrying out the strategies is important for making computer science a fundamental part of a state’s education system.

☐ Texas **does not yet** have rigorous computer science standards publicly available across K-12. Computer science has often been confused with broader technology education in schools. The state could strengthen its computer science programs by publicly adopting discrete standards for computer science focused on both the creation and use of software and computing technologies at all levels of K-12 education. These standards can be guided by the concepts, practices, and recommendations in the K-12 Computer Science Framework, found at [http://www.k12cs.org](http://www.k12cs.org).

☐ Texas **does not yet** provide dedicated funding for rigorous computer science professional development and course support. Although funds may be available via broader programs, the state can strengthen its computer science programs by creating specific opportunities to bring computer science to school districts, such as matching fund programs.

☑ Texas has clear certification pathways for computer science teachers.

☑ Texas has established programs at institutions of higher education to offer computer science to preservice teachers.

☐ Texas **does not yet** have dedicated computer science positions in state or local education agencies. Creating a statewide computer science leadership position within the state education agency can help expand state-level implementation of computer science education initiatives. Similar positions at the local level could support districts’ expansion of course offerings and professional development.

☑ Texas requires that all secondary schools offer computer science.


☑ Texas allows computer science to count as a core admission requirement at institutions of higher education.

**Follow us!**

Join our efforts to give every student in every school the opportunity to learn computer science. Learn more at [code.org](http://code.org), or follow us on [Facebook](http://facebook.com) and [Twitter](http://twitter.com).

Launched in 2013, Code.org® is a non-profit dedicated to expanding access to computer science, and increasing participation by women and underrepresented students of color. Our vision is that every student in every school should have the opportunity to learn computer science.

Data is from the Conference Board for job demand, the Bureau of Labor Statistics for state salary and national job projections data, the College Board for AP exam data, the National Center for Education Statistics for university graduate data, the Gallup and Google research study Education Trends in the State of Computer Science in U.S. K-12 Schools for schools that offer computer science and parent demand, and Code.org for its own courses, professional learning programs, and participation data.